

Quantized numbers: examples

The “Golden Ratio”

$$\varphi = \frac{1 + \sqrt{5}}{2} = [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, \dots].$$

is the simplest irrational number. The equation : $\varphi^2 = \varphi + 1$.

The convergents of this continued fraction :

$$\varphi_n = \underbrace{[1, 1, \dots, 1]}_n = \frac{F_{n+1}}{F_n},$$

where F_n is the n^{th} Fibonacci number.

The q -deformations :

$$[\varphi_6]_q = \frac{1 + 2q + 3q^2 + 3q^3 + 3q^4 + q^5}{1 + 2q + 2q^2 + 2q^3 + q^4},$$

$$[\varphi_8]_q = \frac{1 + 3q + 5q^2 + 7q^3 + 7q^4 + 6q^5 + 4q^6 + q^7}{1 + 3q + 4q^2 + 5q^3 + 4q^4 + 3q^5 + q^6},$$

$$[\varphi_9]_q = \frac{1 + 4q + 7q^2 + 10q^3 + 11q^4 + 10q^5 + 7q^6 + 4q^7 + q^8}{1 + 4q + 6q^2 + 7q^3 + 7q^4 + 5q^5 + 3q^6 + q^7}.$$

The coefficients : A123245 of OEIS and its mirror A079487.

The stabilization phenomenon

The Taylor series of the convergents :

$$[\varphi_6]_q = 1 + q^2 - q^3 + 2q^4 - 3q^5 + 3q^6 - 3q^7 + 4q^8 \\ - 5q^9 + 5q^{10} - 5q^{11} + 6q^{12} \dots$$

$$[\varphi_8]_q = 1 + q^2 - q^3 + 2q^4 - 4q^5 + 8q^6 - 16q^7 + 30q^8 \\ - 55q^9 + 103q^{10} - 195q^{11} + 368q^{12} \dots$$

$$[\varphi_9]_q = 1 + q^2 - q^3 + 2q^4 - 4q^5 + 8q^6 - 17q^7 + 37q^8 \\ - 82q^9 + 184q^{10} - 414q^{11} + 932q^{12} \dots$$

The coefficients stabilize !

The q -deformation $[\varphi]_q$ is given by the series

$$\begin{aligned} [\varphi]_q = & 1 + q^2 - q^3 + 2q^4 - 4q^5 + 8q^6 - 17q^7 + 37q^8 \\ & - 82q^9 + 185q^{10} - 423q^{11} + 978q^{12} - 2283q^{13} \\ & + 5373q^{14} - 12735q^{15} + 30372q^{16} - 72832q^{17} \\ & + 175502q^{18} - 424748q^{19} + 1032004q^{20} \dots \end{aligned}$$

The coefficients coincide with the sequence A004148 of OEIS called the *generalized Catalan numbers*.

The series $[\varphi]_q$ satisfies the equation

$$q[\varphi]_q^2 = (q^2 + q - 1)[\varphi]_q + 1.$$

This is the q -analogue of $\varphi^2 = \varphi + 1$.

Generating function :

$$\begin{aligned} [\varphi]_q &= \frac{q^2 + q - 1 + \sqrt{q^4 + 2q^3 - q^2 + 2q + 1}}{2q} \\ &= \frac{q^2 + q - 1 + \sqrt{(q^2 + 3q + 1)(q^2 - q + 1)}}{2q}. \end{aligned}$$

The continued fraction

$[\varphi]_q$ can be written as infinite continued fraction :

$$[\varphi]_q = 1 + \frac{q^2}{q + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{q^2}{q + \frac{1}{\ddots}}}} = 1 + \frac{1}{q^{-1} + \frac{1}{q^2 + \frac{1}{q^{-3} + \frac{1}{\ddots}}}}$$

NB : The celebrated Rogers-Ramanujan continued fraction

$$R(q) = 1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{q}{1 + \frac{q^2}{1 + \frac{q^3}{\ddots}}}}$$

The “quantum π ”

$$\begin{aligned} [\pi]_q = & 1 + q + q^2 + q^{10} - q^{12} - q^{13} + q^{15} + q^{16} \\ & - q^{20} - 2q^{21} - q^{22} + 2q^{23} + 4q^{24} + q^{25} \\ & - 4q^{27} - 4q^{28} - 2q^{29} + q^{30} + 5q^{31} + 8q^{32} + 3q^{33} \\ & - 3q^{34} - 10q^{35} - 12q^{36} - 5q^{37} + 8q^{38} + 19q^{39} + 20q^{40} \\ & + 2q^{41} - 18q^{42} - 32q^{43} - 25q^{44} + 31q^{46} + 51q^{47} \\ & + 45q^{48} - 7q^{49} - 65q^{50} - 94q^{51} - 57q^{52} + 35q^{53} \dots \end{aligned}$$

The “quantum e ”

Euler's number $e = [2, 1, 2, 1, 1, 4, 1, 1, 6, 1, 1, 8, 1, 1, 10, \dots]$

$$\begin{aligned}[e]_q = & 1 + q + q^3 - q^5 + 2q^6 - 3q^7 + 3q^8 - q^9 \\ & - 3q^{10} + 9q^{11} - 17q^{12} + 25q^{13} - 29q^{14} + 23q^{15} + 2q^{16} \\ & - 54q^{17} + 134q^{18} - 232q^{19} \\ & + 320q^{20} - 347q^{21} + 243q^{22} + 71q^{23} \\ & - 660q^{24} + 1531q^{25} - 2575q^{26} \\ & + 3504q^{27} - 3804q^{28} + 2747q^{29} + 488q^{30} \dots\end{aligned}$$

Observations :

- the coefficients of q^{2+7k} are smaller !
- the signs $+, +$ appear with periodicity 7 !

More examples

Le “silver ratio” $\sqrt{2} = [1, 2, 2, 2, \dots]$:

$$[\sqrt{2}]_q = \frac{q^3 - 1 + \sqrt{(q^4 + q^3 + 4q^2 + q + 1)(q^2 - q + 1)}}{2q^2}$$

satisfies $q^2 [\sqrt{2}]_q^2 - (q^3 - 1) [\sqrt{2}]_q = q^2 + 1$.

Square root of 5 :

$$[\sqrt{5}]_q = \frac{q^5 + q^3 - q^2 - 1 + \sqrt{(q^8 + q^7 + 2q^6 + 3q^5 + 6q^4 + 3q^3 + 2q^2 + q + 1)(q^2 - q + 1)}}{2q^3},$$

Compare with the golden ratio !

 S. Morier-Genoud, V. Ovsienko,
q-deformed rationals and q-continued fractions,
arXiv :1812.00170.

 S. Morier-Genoud, V. Ovsienko,
On q-Deformed Real Numbers,
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